ADDITIONS AND CORRECTIONS

FOR

THOMAS HUNGERFORD

OF

HARTFORD AND NEW LONDON, CONN.

AND HIS

DESCENDANTS IN AMERICA

By F. PHELPS LEACH

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GENEALOGICAL SOCIETY
OF THE CHURCH OF JESUS CHRIST
OF LATTER-DAY SAINTS

by
F. PHELPS LEACH
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THE AUTHOR'S PREFACE

The preparation of these additions and corrections for Thomas Hungerford of Hartford and New London, Conn., that I published in 1924, has been attended with no ordinary degree of perplexity and toil, on account of the imperfect and disordered condition of the records, and the necessity of resorting to various other sources for information. I have aimed at but two results—fullness and accuracy, but it is hardly to be expected that errors have been wholly avoided, and it is hoped that they are but few, and that they do not impair the usefulness of the work.

I made two errors in my 1924 work which I have corrected in this, but the printers dropped type when they went to press, and were responsible for several. On page 14, in lines 35 and 38, they make the surname of the children of 5. Joseph Douglass⁷ Soule, Barnes instead of Soule. Mr. Soule married Mary Elizabeth Barnes.

The first words that invite the eye in a book are the last written. When the preface is prepared the work is finished. Many lines in this volume are up-to-date, but the genealogy of the Hungerfords goes on. More great men of the name are to come. The logic of all genealogy contemplates the conclusion we confidently declare—it is, that some day one of the descendants of this tribe will publish the 187 pages of manuscript of our English ancestors that I have before me.

The name Hungerford had a distinguished history long before John of Gaunt gave the inhabitants the horn. And in order to find out all concerning this I referred to Lysons and other writers, documents in the Record Office, and to the excellent historical sketch of the history of that town written by Mr. Money, who has done so much to elucidate the history of Western Berkshire. We cannot be too grateful to him for all that he has done in investigating the annals of that county. First, as regards the origin of the name. We may remark that in Domesday the name appears as Inglefol, and Canon Isaac Taylor interprets it as Engleford or Angleford, the ford of the Angles; but Mr. Money connects it with Hingwar, a Danish chieftain, who was drowned in attempting to cross a ford there in 870 A. D. Hence it should be Hingwar-ford.

This interpretation is probably correct and is confirmed by a passage in the book of Hyde, wherein the chronicler describes the greatness of the East Anglian Kingdom and the usurpation of the Danes under Hingwar and Hubba after the martyrdom of King Edmund, and concludes "Which Hingwar was drowned as he was crossing a morass in Berkshire, which morass is called to this day by the people of that county, Hyngerford."

This certainly seems to confirm this origin of the name. I find that the word is spelled, as we now spell it, as early as the year 1204.

About sixty-four miles out of London, where you follow the quaint old Bath coachroad, you would arrive at the village of Hungerford, in pastoral Berkshire. Hungerford is well off maintraveled tourist routes, but it holds more than passing interest for the traveler who likes to linger long in quaint byways of this world, studying customs of olden days where they are still observed in all their simple ingenuousness. Such a traveler would delight in the Hungerford observance of Hock Day. This holiday occurs on Thursday, the sixteenth day after Easter. The celebration actually begins with a macaroni supper and punch bowl at the old John of Gaunt Inn, on the Friday before Hock Tuesday. By 9 o'clock in the morning, on Hock Tuesday, the Hungerford jury have assembled in the Town Hall. The first business to come up at this, their annual meeting, is the appointing of two tithing-men to collect a poll tax of two-pence from each burgess of the borough and a kiss from each wife and daughter. This solemn ceremony is a recognition of the ancient power of the lord of the manor, who if he chose, it seems, had the right to collect such kisses personally. When they start on their Hock Day duties, the two tithing-men carry short poles gaily bedecked with blue ribbons and flowers. Back of them walks a man who is literally weighed down with oranges. Every kissed person must be presented with an orange, and the school and work-house children also come in for their share. The progress of the tithingman and the orangeman is triumphant. Wherever they go they are greeted by cheers. One by one the village homes are entered and the letter and the spirit of the law are observed. Nor is the kissing confined to the young and pretty, for the old ladies of Hungerford would feel sadly neglected were the tithing-men to pass them by.

Last, but not least, the author desires to give due acknowledgment to the following persons that have been interested in the dissemination of correct information about the Hungerford family: Hon. Uri Taylor⁷ Hungerford, New York City and Briarcliff Manor, N. Y. (deceased); Mr. Newman⁸ Hungerford, Hartford, Conn.; Mr. Warde⁹ Hungerford, Bridgeport, Conn.; and Miss Julie E. Fairchild, State St. and Park Ave., Bridgeport, Conn. (deceased).

THOMAS¹ HUNGERFORD

THOMAS¹ HUNGERFORD was undoubtedly a descendant of some branch of the distinguished Hungerford family of England, but of which branch is unknown. He came to New England some time previous to 1639, as the Register of Hartford, Conn., shows him a proprietor there. He had a triangular piece of land, with a house. In Trumbull's "History of Hartford, County," 1633-1884, Vol. 1, here is a map of Hartford as the town was in 1640, on which is hown this property as "Thos Hongerfort to Nich. Ginnings." Also, on page 247, is the following: "Thomas Hungerford (Hungerfoot), a proprietor 'by courtesie of the town'; his home-lot was on the west side of the road to the Cow Pasture; removed to New London ab. 1650, where he d. 1663. He m. as his 2d wife Hannah, dau. of Isaac Willey, of New London ab. 1658; she survived him and m. (2) Peter Blachford, of New London and Haddam (q.v.); (3) 1673, Samuel Spencer, of Haddam."

'The "road to the Cow Pasture" was afterwards called Burr St.,

but is now North Main St.

I. I. Murphy in his "Life of Col. Daniel Elihu Hungerford," published in 1891, writes "Thomas, brother of Sir Edward Hungerford, K.B., landed on the shores of New England in 1628." He also writes "the Town Register of Norwich, Conn., states that Thomas Hungerford acquired property there in 1630."

These statements I believe are erroneous.

First. The first Sir Edward Hungerford, K.B., born in 1596, was a son of Sir Anthony Hungerford of Black Bourton, by his first wife Lucy, daughter and co-heir of Sir Walter Hungerford of Farleigh, widow of Sir John St. John. Sir Edward Hungerford had no brothers. He had two sisters, Bridget who married Sir Alexander (John) Cheek or Cheke, and Jane who married Robert Strange.

This Sir Edward married Margaret, daughter and co-heir of

William Holliday, alderman and Lord Mayor of London.

Sir Anthony by his second marriage to Sarah, daughter and co-heir of John Crouch of London, widow of Walter Wiseman (or Wildman), had: 1, Anthony of Farleigh Castle; 2, Sir Giles of Coulson; 3, John; 4, Henry of Standen; 5, Mary; 6, Sarah; 7, Cicely.

These sons and daughters were half brothers and sisters of Sir

Edward Hungerford, K.B.

The second Sir Edward Hungerford, K.B., son of Anthony Hungerford of Farleigh Castle (half brother of the first Sir Edward Hungerford of the Black Bourton branch) did not have a brother Thomas. He was born 20 Oct. 1632, four years after Mr. Murphy

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claims Thomas1 "landed on the shores of New England." He was immensely wealthy, squandered the family fortunes and acquired the title of "spendthrift." He died in 1711 and was about the last of the family in England.

Second. Norwich, Conn., was purchased from the Indians in

1659, and most of the settlements began after this date.

If the Town Register shows that he acquired property there as early as 1630, it is peculiar that neither the Vital Records of Norwich nor Miss Frances M. Caulkins in her "History of Norwich" mentions the fact. She mentions Thomas Hungerford several times in her "History of New London."

Third. Thomas Hungerford may have come to America in 1628, but I doubt if there are any records to prove it. There were very few records kept by the emigrants to New England at that date.

Again, in a booklet, "The Hungerfords in America and the Tyler-Abbott Genealogies," published several years ago, Mr. Murphy's "Life of Col. D. E. Hungerford" is quoted from. This booklet reads "Thomas, brother of Sir Edward Hungerford, K.B. (of the Cadenham branch), landed on the shores of New England in 1628"; also, "1-Thomas (1), baptized in Bremhill Parish, England, in 1602, died in or near New London, Conn., 1663."

Mr. Murphy does not write that Thomas1 was of the Cadenham branch nor does he claim that he was baptized in Bremhill Parish

in 1602.

2

The Thomas Hungerford baptized in Bremhill Parish in 1602, was a son of John Hungerford of the Cadenham branch, and is styled in Sir Richard Colt Hoare's "Hungerfordiana," "Thomas of Blacklands." He married, and had two sons and two daughters and did not come to America.

It is quite evident that serious misstatements have been made in

some of the earlier writings on the family.

Miss Caulkins in her "History of New London, Conn.," shows him to have been a resident there in 1650, and lands were set off to him in 1651, and he was a constable in 1652. He was awarded "40 acres in the neck of land to the north of John Prentice, his land and Robert Hempstead, his land."

In Dec. 1652 he and John Pickett were given the land for fire

wood on which Fort Trumbull now stands.

The name of the first wife of Thomas1 Hungerford is unknown and it is evident that she was not living in Nov. 1657, as under the date of 2 Nov. 1657, he wrote his sister Anne, at Ipswich, Mass., where she was living with her husband, John Leigh (Lee), thanking her for her offer to take his daughter Sarah.

That the plans suggested in the letter were carried out is proven by the will of John Leigh probated 16 Sept. 1671, which contains a provision for "Sarah Hungerfoot." This will is on file in Salem, Mass.

Children of Thomas1 by his first wife:

THOMAS², b. about 1648.

SARAH, b. about 1654. After her mother's death she went to live with Aunt Anne Leigh, at Ipswich, Mass. She later m. Lewis Hugh, of Lyme, Conn.

Thomas1 married 2nd about 1658, Hannah, daughter of Isaac and

Joanna Willey. She was baptized in Boston, Mass.

They had one daughter, 4. Hannah, born 1 May 1659, who married a Mr. Ross or Rose of the Plantation of the Narragansetts in Rhode Island.

Thomas¹ died in 1663 and the inventory of his estate taken 1 May

1663 showed property to 100£, 5s, 6d.

His widow married 2nd Peter Blachford of New London. He died 1 Sept. 1671.

Their children were:

JOANNA, b. 1667.

Peter, b. 1669, who settled in Salem, West Jersey.

MARY, b. 1671, at Haddam.

Hannah married 3rd Samuel Spencer of Haddam. She died about 1681. He died 7 Aug. 1705.

Their children were: Grace, b. 27 July 1674. John, b. 17 Sept. 1676. 1-AAC, b. 8 Jan. 1678. HANNAH, b. — 1680.

ANNE HUNGERFORD

Anne, or Joanne as she was sometimes called, was a sister of Thomas¹ Hungerford. She came to America sometime previous to 1639. It is presumed that she and her brother came here together but nothing definite is known.

She married before 1639, John Leigh (Lee) of Agawam (Ips-

wich), Mass.

Their children were: IOHN, b. about 1639. JOSEPH, b. Oct. or Nov. 1643. A daughter who m. — PATCH. SARAH, m. — HUNKINS (or HONKINS).
MARY, m. — TUTTLE. Ann, who d. 28 Sept. 1691, unm.

From copy of a letter to—

SAN FRANCISCO, July 2, 1895.

E. C. HUNGERFORD, Esq.

Dear Sir:-Yours of June 20 received with much pleasure, I am glad to know there are several of the family that are trying to form a line and if we all contribute our mite we will after a time complete it.

I visited about 1869 Hartford and other places to gain dates and obtained much. I have a copy of the map of Hartford of 1640 with lots and names of

J. Hammond Trumbull, Librarian of - Library, Hartford, tells me that Thomas Hungerford undoubtedly came over as a mariner, coasted along the sound, up the river and landed at Hartford in 1639, as his name does not occur in any of the lists as passengers.

Little is known of him when in Hartford for the records of the old Center Church were destroyed when the church was burned. He sold that lot to Nicholas Gennings or Jennings in May, 1650. I saw the record in the Hartford

Town Record. He with eleven others went to New London when John Winthrop was laying out that town and each of them took a lot with what they termed outlots beside. The name of his first wife is not known, but Thomas and Sarah were children by her, and Thomas was born in Hartford as at his father's death in 1663 he was fifteen years old, and that would bring his birth 1648. That Sarah was also a child by her is shown that she was nine years old, born 1654. Thomas married Hannah Willey in 1659 and in 1657 he wrote an interesting letter, a copy of which I have, to Anne Leigh, wife of John Leigh of Ipswich, Mass., commending his daughter to her and speaking to her and of her as if she were a sister of his wife. He had not met her but she had evidently written him desiring to take the child and care for her which she did. She is mentioned in John Leigh's will in 1671 when he leaves her "20 pounds at her marriage provided that she proceeds orderly therein and shall continue to live till that time with his wife in ye same way as hitherto she hath done."

Thomas Hungerford 2nd, son of Thomas 1st, married before June 6, 1671, Mary Gray of Narragansett, R. I. All that I have had communication with, Orville Hungerford of Watertown, N. Y., and Robert E. Day of Hartford, lately deceased, and Henry Hungerford Drake of West Winsted, Conn., agree on Mary Gray.

If you have any further data we would like to get it. The proof of the marriage at that time whether Gray or Greene is from the following record:

"New London County Court, June 6, 1671. Thomas Hungerford and Mary his wife being presented to this court for committing fornication before marriage this court considering the case circum (not clear, W. H.) doe adjud e that the sd Hungerford and his wife to pay within one month five pounds to the treasury of this county or in defect there of to receive corporal punishment." "The (word left out, W. H.) hath accepted a barrel of pork for this fine by Pd by Mr Palines to George Tongue on County's account." As Thomas Hungerford 3rd was the first mentioned in his will it is fair to presume he was the child born of this fornication.

Here this letter abruptly ends unsigned, but it is evidently from Austin N. Hungerford.

2. THOMAS2 HUNGERFORD (Thomas1), of Hartford, New London, and East Haddam, Conn., was born in Hartford about 1648; and died 11 Jan. 1714, in East Haddam, and his will was proved 5 Apr. 1714. He moved with his father to New London in 1650 and lived there until about 1687. He married before 6 June 1671, MARY GREEN or Gray of the Plantation of the Narragansetts in Rhode Island; and secondly Mary2 Graves, daughter of John, b. in England, and sister of Benjamin², who married Mary Hoar. See Graves family. He moved to Lyme in 1685, and in Dec. 1687, he sold his land in New London that was granted to him in 1673. He moved to and settled in East Haddam in 1692, where he was a blacksmith, had the title of Mr. and was the first selectman of the town.

References.-New London County Court, 6 June 1671. His name appears often in New London and Lyme records. New London records, Vol. 5, p. 109.

Haddam records, 21 May 1688. Haddam records, 20 Dec. 1697.

Haddam records, 27 Dec. 1698.

His name is burned on the leather cover of Vol. 1, East Haddam records. Haddam records, 20 Nov. 1708.

Records of Probate Court of Hartford Co., 5 Apr. 1714.

The will of Thomas² Hungerford is recorded as follows:

"Hungerford, Thomas, Haddam (East) Inst. 278-00-06, taken 5 Feb. 1713-14, by John Nilles, John Smith, and Thomas Clark. Will dated 11 Jan. 1713-14. Thomas Hungerford of Haddam do dispose of my estate as follows:

I give to my wife Mary Hungerford all my buildings; also certain land

joining Abell Willee's land, during life.

I give to my son Thomas Hungerford's eldest son, Thomas, one-half of my interest on lands in Stonington, which descended to me from my father; also one-half part of my fourth division on the east side of the Eight Mile River. I give to my son, John Hungerford, and his male heirs my buildings and the whole of my 190 acres allotment after my demise, excepting what I have

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given to my wife during her life. I give to my son, Green Hungerford, one-half part of my interest in lands in Stonington; also one-half part of my fourth division allotment east of Eight Mile River; also all my right in Moodus Meadow upon the Falls River. I give unto my five daughters, viz., Elizabeth, Susannah, Sarah, Mary and

Esther, the remainder of my personal estate.

I give to my grandson, John, all of my right in Lyme and the undivided THOMAS HUNGERFORD. lands.

Witness: Stephen Hosmer, DANIEL BRAINARD, DANIEL CONE."

Children of Thomas² Hungerford (Thomas¹), probably all born in New London:

ELIZABETH^a, b. about 1670; d. 17 Nov. 1758; m. about 1695, Joseph^a GATES (George, Esq.1). Rev. David D. Field, A.M. (pastor of the church in Haddam), in his "History of Haddam and East Haddam" says that Joseph was the father of five sons:

1. Joseph³ Gates, b. there in 1697; d. there 1 Nov. 1770, in his 73rd year; m. 8 Jan. 1718, Hannah Brainard, b. 1695; d. 20 Mar. 1744, ae. 48 years; dau. of Dea. Daniel and Susannah

Children (surname Gates), b. in East Haddam:

1. Hannah⁴, b. 16 Nov. 1719.

Joseph⁴, b. 28 Mar. 1722. Elizabeth, b. 12 Aug. 1724.

Bezaleel⁴, b. 14 Oct. 1726; d. 28 Mar. 1802; m. Mary Brainard, b. 1727; d. 24 Dec. 1796.

Susannah⁴, b. 24 Nov. 1730.

6. S Aaron4, and

7. (Ann4, twins, b. 22 Oct. 1733.

8. David', b. 18 Apr. 1738.

Deacon John3 Gates, moved away from Haddam.

Jonathan3 Gates, moved away from Haddam.

Jacob^a Gates, had no descendants in Haddam.

5. Samuel' Gates, had no descendants in Haddam. THOMAS3, b. about 1672; m. about 1699, ELIZABETH SMITH.

JOHN³, b. about 1674; m. 3 Dec. 1702, DEBORAH SPENCER.

SusannaH3, b. about 1676; d. ——; m. about 1700, Samuel' + 7. iii. CHURCH, and they were the parents of John³, who m. Joanna — (see Lyme, Conn., Inscriptions)

and had: 1. Jane Church, m. John Hungerford, son of Robert .

Lieut. Urial Church, b. 20 Feb. 1740; d. 8 Mar. 1822; m. Deborah⁵ Hungerford, b. 14 Oct. 1743; d. 21 July 1826; dau. of Robert' and Grace Holmes.

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Jabez4 Church, d. 1 Feb. 1743, ae. 4 months, 19 days.

Abisha4 Church.

Ezrat Church, d. 21 Sept. 1823, ae. 75 years.

By F. Phelps Leach

They probably had other children. SARAH3, b. 1679; d. 25 Sept. 1753; m. about 1697, NATHANIEL

Mary³, b. 1681; d. 16 Mar. 1763, ac. 82; m. Stephen Cone. +10. vi.

Green⁸, b. 1684; d. 1735; m. 9 Mar. 1709, Jemima Richardson. 12. viii. Esther, b. 1687; d. 15 May 1749, ae. 62; m. in 1711, Samuel GATES, b. 1681.

Children and probably others:

1. A daughter, b. 1719; d. 1741, in her 22nd year.

Samuel's Gates, b. 1725; d. 6 Apr. 1741, in his 16th year.

James' Gates, moved away. Stephen' Gates, d. unm.

5. Jonah' Gates, d. unm. BENJAMIN³, is mentioned by Rev. David D. Field, A.M., in his "History of Haddam and East Haddam." He says that Thomas was the father of John, Green, Thomas and Benjamin, and that Thomas and Benjamin had no male descendants there, or male descendants from sons.

From Miss Julia E. Fairchild's papers. Letter postmarked June 25, 1903.

In Mail and Express I see that Thomas Hungerford married Mary Gray at Narragansett in or before 1671.

Was this your Thomas Hungerford 2nd?

Perhaps this is all familiar to you, but I note that you asked the question about Grays, and if this Mary was your Mary, the suggestion in Mail and Express that she may have been granddaughter of John Winslow and Mary Chilton, is very interesting.

Respectfully submitted By Mrs. HENRY ELIOT FOWLER,

Guilford, Conn.

The Mail and Express contains the following:

No. 5.554 Gray.-Mary Winslow, born 1630, dau. of John Winslow of the Fortune and Mary Chilton of the Mayflower married Edward Gray, 16 Jan. 1651. Among their children Mary Gray, born 1653.

Whom did she marry? Was this the Mary Gray who married Thomas

Hungerford in or before 1671 at Narragansett.

It is said that Edward Gray owned Narragansett Club.

Note.—Thomas Hungerford, born about 1648, was about 23 years old in 1671. This Mary Gray was about 18 years old in 1671.-W. H.

From Field's "History of Haddam and East Haddam," p. 47:

Hungerfords settled in East Haddam before 1700. Thomas Hungerford was father of John, Green, Thomas and Benjamin.

John was father of John, Robert and Thomas. Green of Green, Stephen, Lemuel and Nathaniel.

ANNIVERSARY

Third Church, East Haddam (Hadlyme), 1743, Capt. John Hungerford chosen committee of three to get minister. Capt. John Hungerford was 73 years old when the church was organized, was moderator of the meeting, was born near New London about 1672; his father, Thomas, moved to Hadlyme in 1690 when John was 18.

They lived about a mile west of where church stands. Thomas was a blacksmith and made by hand the nails used in building the parsonage, 1691-95, and the town gave him 20 acres of land in Moodus in payment.

By F. Phelps Leach

The above from Mr. Edward Hungerford.

See Field's "Statistical Records of Middlesex County."

Millington—1732-3-4. Hungerford from Hadlyme is mentioned

as moving into the place, also Graves from Colchester.

The Probate District of East Haddam, 1741, embraced the towns of Haddam, East Haddam, Colchester, Hebron and part of Middletown (now Chatham).

HADLYME

Thomas Hungerford moved to this parish from New London with his three sons as early as 1692. The Hungerford descendants still here. Thomas H. was a blacksmith. He was the first selectman of East Haddam; he died 1714, buried at the Cove Burying Ground. His three sons were Thomas, John and Green.

At that time Thomas was married and had one child—later seafaring—when home lived and took care of father, died in New London, 1750. His descendants left town (? son). John married Deborah Spencer about 1701, died 1748, buried in Hadlyme. He had two sons, Robert and Thomas. Robert settled and died there; married Grace Holmes about 1730. Children: Robert, John, Zackariah, Elijah, Deborah, Anna and Silence (? W. H.)

Green, son of elder Thomas, moved to Millington about 1730, became one of the leading men of society, married Jemima Richardson, had son Green.

"The old Chimney Stacks of East Haddam," by Hosford Niles, 1887.

Record furnished by Mr. Clifford Watrous Beman, North Emporia, Va.:

George Gates, Esq., removed in his old age to East Haddam, Conn., and lived with his sons. These were: Joseph², Thomas², Esq., John² who had no male descendants, George² who died unmarried, Daniel², and Samuel². Joseph² married about 1695, Elizabeth³ Hungerford (Thomas², Thomas³), born about 1670, died 17 Nov. 1758. Children: Joseph³; Deacon John³, moved away from Haddam; Jonathan3, moved away; Jacob3; and Samuel3, who had no descendants in Haddam.

Thomas² Gates was father of Thomas³; Daniel³, who had no male descendants; Jeremiah³, had no male descendants; George³; and Joshua³.

Daniel², was father of Deacon Daniel³, of Millington; David³, who had no male descendants in Haddam; Joseph³, died unmarried; Ephraim³, died unmarried; and Judith³.

Samuel² Gates, born 1681; married about 1711, Esther³ Hungerford (Thomas²⁻¹), born in 1687; died 15 May 1749, aged 62. Children: A daughter3, born 1719; died Mar. 1741, in her 22nd year; Samuel³, born 1725; died 6 Apr. 1741, in his 16th year; James³ moved away; Stephen3; and Jonah3, who died unmarried.

Mrs. Esther Gates, widow of Mr. Samuel Gates, Reg. Vol. 80, p. 417. See Inscriptions and Records of East Haddam.

JOSEPH3 GATES (Joseph2, George, Esq.1), of East Haddam, Conn., born there 1697; died there 1 Nov. 1770, in his 73rd year. He married 8 Jan. 1718, HANNAH BRAINARD, born 1695; died 20 Mar. 1744, in her 49th year; daughter of Dea. Daniel and Susanah Ventres.

Children (surname Gates) born at East Haddam:

HANNAH, b. 16 Nov. 1719; d. ---; m. ---

BEZALEEL, b. 14 Oct. 1726; d. 28 Mar. 1802; m. MARY BRAINARD, b. 1727; d. 24 Dec. 1796.

Susannah, b. 24 Nov. 1730; d. ----; m. -AARON, twin, b. 20 Oct. 1733; d. ——; m. —

vii. Ann, twin, b. 20 Oct. 1733; d. -; m. viii. David, b. 18 Apr. 1738; d. ----; m.-----

N. E. H. G. Reg. Vol. II, p. 314.

From "The Abridged Compendium of American Genealogies. First Families of America. A Genealogical Encyclopedia of the United States," edited by Frederick A. Virkus, Vol. I, Pub. 1925. B'b't Pub. Library.

Vol. I, p. 228:

9. George Gates (1634-1724), from England to Hartford, Conn., ca. 1651, married Sarah Olmstead (died 1709).

8. Joseph (1662-1712), married Elizabeth (died 1759), daughter of Thomas Hungerford; sister of Thomas3.

7. Joseph (1697-1770), married 1719, Hannah (1694-1744), daughter of Daniel Brainard.

6. Bezaleel (1726-1802), married Mary (1727-96), daughter of Dr. Noadiah Brainard.

Dea. Aaron (1753-1821), married 1776, Elizabeth Johnson (died 1816).

4. Rev. Aaron (1780-1850), married 1805, Ruth (1784-1858), daughter of Daniel Beman.

3. Beman (1818-94), journalist, railroad builder, banker, Marietta, O.; married 1841, Betsey Sybil Shipman.

2. Gen. Rufus R. Dawes (1833-99), A.B., Marietta, '60, captain to colonel 6th Wis. Vol. Inf. in Civil War, brevetted brigadier general volunteers, "For gallant and meritorious service during the war," member 47th Congress, 1881-83; married Mary Beman Gates (1842-1921).

- 1. CHARLES GATES (q.v. for Dawes line); Vice-President U. S.; m. 24 Jan. 1889, CARO DANA BLYMYER, of Cincinnati, O.
 - 1. Rufus Fearing (d. 1912).

2. Carolyn, m. 1915, Melvin B. Erickson (issue: Charles G. D., b. Aug. 4,

Also two adopted children, Dana and Virginia.

RUFUS CUTLER (q.v. for Cutler line). BEMAN GATES, b. Marietta, O., 14 Jan. 1870; m. 3 Oct.. 1894, Bertie Burr, b. Lincoln, Neb., 3 Oct. 1872, dau. C. C. Burr of Lincoln; Pres. The Pure Oil Co., and subsidiaries, Columbus, O.; Mem. 59th and 60th Congress, 1905-09 (see "Who's Who in America"). Residence, 840 E. Broad St., Columbus, O.

1. Beman Gates, Jr., b. Lincoln, Neb., 21 Sept. 1895; m. Janet Newton.
2. Dorothy, b. Newark, O., 5 July 1897; m. D. H. Young.
3. Carlos Burr, b. Marietta, O., 17 Apr. 1902.

Ephraim Cutler, b. Marietta, O., 23 Jan. 1904. Henry, b. at Washington, D. C., 3 Jan. 1906.

MARY FRANCES (Mrs. Arthur G. Beach, q.v. for Brewster line).

HENRY MAY (q.v. for Shipman line).

BETSY GATES, m. HARRY B. HOYT.

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THOMAS³ HUNGERFORD (Thomas², Thomas¹), a seafaring man of East Haddam, Conn.; born in New London, Conn., in 1672; died there 29 Sept. 1750. He married in 1699, ELIZABETH4 SMITH, daughter of Mathew³ and Mary Cutler, daughter of John (Mathew², Mathew¹ Smith). See Smith Family.

In the Diary of Joshua Hempstead, Vol. 1 (of New London

County Historical Society Collections), he writes:

"Saturday, Sept. 29th (1750) fair and cold. I was home all day. A stranger Sailor belongs to Capt. Beman of Middletown lately arrived from the West Indies died ys morning at Mr. Roberts, name Hungerford of East Haddam. Hungerford was carried home to East Haddam on Horses.'

Children born at East Haddam:

HANNAH⁴, b. 16 Aug. 1700; m. (1st) 22 Nov. 1727, SAMUEL ACKLEY, JR.; m. (2nd) DAVID GATES.

THOMAS, b. 11 July 1702; d. 12 Nov. 1786, at New Fairfield, Conn. BENJAMIN, b. 15 Dec. 1705; bapt. 5 May 1706; d. 1 Feb. 1790.

+16. iii. ELIZABETH, b. 4 Dec. 1707; bapt. 11 Apr. 1708; m. Joseph Gates. 17. iv.

DAVID, bapt. 21 May 1710; d. 22 July 1758, in camp near Sara-+18. v.

JONATHAN, bapt. 17 Apr. 1715; d. —— 1771.

CAPT. JOHN, b. 4 Mar. 1718; bapt. 4 May 1718; m. twice. +20. vii.

SAMUEL, d. in infancy. viii. SAMUEL, b. 10 May 1725; d. 3 Sept. 1789; m. MARY GRAVES.

See "The Dictionary of Genealogy," and Field's "History of Haddam and East Haddam," for further particulars of this family.

SMITH GENEALOGY (pp. 5, 6 and 7)

Matthew¹ Smith, a cordwainer (a shoemaker), came from Sandwich, County of Kent, England, in 1637, with his wife, Jane, and four children, and was said to have been admitted inhabitant of Charlestown, Mass., the same year. His wife became a member of the church 22 Oct. 1639, and he in May 1643. The names of the children could not be ascertained. In 1658, he was a householder, under the title of Good-man. The time of the death of Matthew and Jane does not appear.