

land. Those with Gov. Alopeus will take their residence at Nantz. The Austrian garrison at Lyons is 16,000 strong. The Prussian commander Rennes, had levied a large contribution-rectifiable Oct. 4.

London, Sept. 26. The Prussian commandant at Paris, Baron Muffling, has published that until the murderer of Kean, an Englishman, was discovered he should levy a daily contribution of 2000 francs on the citizens of the Boulevards of Coblenz.

[Kean was an enemy contractor. He had armour; and afterwards dismissed his mistress, who threatened to be re-vengeed. His body was found pierced with a sword.]

The dismissal of Fouché, caused a fall of fifteen percent in the French funds.

Disarmament is in Ireland, and it is said, 10 regiments of English militia are ordered home.

Frics-American Pearl Ashes 90s. Pot Ashes none in market

Cotton-N. Orleans 2s 3

**Rutland Herald.**  
WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1815.

An act in addition to, and alteration of an act, regulating Freemen's Meetings, was passed by the legislature of this state at its late session. The object of this act is to prevent the great number of scattering votes which have heretofore happened at elections. It enacts, that in future, the votes for state officers shall be written on one piece of paper, designating the office for which each candidate is intended, viz for governor, A. B. for lieutenant governor, C D and so on. The paper is to be folded up and closed, in such a manner as to conceal the name or names of the persons voted for. Immediately after the box is turned, the respective town officers are to cut apart the votes, sort and count them, and make out a list of the persons voted for, and the number of votes for each person. This act will be given entire in a future paper.

Rev. Doctor AUSTIN, President of the University of Vermont, is appointed to preach the next election sermon.

who replied, "I do not feel the danger he was exposed to from his subjects, in consequence of his having signed a treaty with such ignominious terms to the United States, particularly the restoration of Captain Smith and crew without ransom, and paying \$10,000 for his vessel and cargo, a condition which the *Deu* said they had never before submitted to, in the case of any Christian nation whatever." The brig was, however, detained at the magazines of the Spaniards, on the ground that she was captured within their territory, they being then at war with Algiers.

Tunis pays \$40,000 for two of the Abzillo's prizes given up to the British.

Tripoli pays \$20,000 for the prize vessels under similar circumstances, delivered up 10 Christian slaves and sailed with 21 guns the American Consular flag on its being returned.

**Timely Notice.**  
PERSONS indebted to the subscribers by note or book, for newspapers, advertisements, books, &c. are informed, that they are determined, if possible, to have a settlement of all accounts (not one excepted) now due, at 7 o'clock P.M. of JANUARY NEXT; until that time, (particular contracts excepted) most kinds of produce will be received in payment, and cash will be expected for debts which then remain unpaid.

It is hoped this notice, which is given in season, will prevent the necessity of the undersigned resorting to unpleasant measures for the collection of their dues.

Fay & Davison.  
Rutland, Nov. 22, 1815. [Jan 1]

**Change of Ministers in France.**

Letters from Paris, of the 25th ult. say, the recent Ministerial changes may be said to form the greatest epoch in the history of the French Republic. They have measured their strength, and the Angouleme are victorious. Although Fouché and Talleyrand may be sincere in their support of the king, yet they were considered men whose politics could not be long confined in. It was known the Bonapartists looked upon them as their enemies, so as to be regarded as shielding them from punishment, as they had been equally guilty. They had both been temporizers and intriguers, and Fouché had given offence to the allies by his private councils.

The state of France continues gloomy. The treaty is not published. Disturbances continue in the south, and the Austrian navy orders not to interfere between the citizens. On the Lower Loire there is a ferment, and an insurrection is expected, the finances are exhausted. And the legislature which is about to meet, will have to transact their business with ministers with whom they are unacquainted.

**Arrival of Commodore Decatur.**

From the Columbian—November 13.  
"NO SOONER SAID THAN DONE!"

Among the toasts drank at the Abingdon dinner, was—"A safe return to our navy." It has returned. Commodore Decatur and the gallant tars of his squadron, have arrived from the Mediterranean—part here, and part at Newport. The frigate Guerrier, and sloop of war Enterprize, have come within the Hook; the frigate Macedonian, and several sloops of war, are gone to Rhode-Island; the frigates United States and Constellation, and ships of war Ontario and Ecce, were left in the Mediterranean to protect the American trade.

Office of the Baltimore Patriot, 7 Nov. 11, 2 P. M.

**Latest from Gibraltar.**—By the Parapese, Capt. Moun; arrived this day from Naples, via Gibraltar, which latter place she left the 3d ult. dispatches were brought from Commodore Bainbridge. Com. Bainbridge, on his arrival, had been at Gibraltar some days, waiting the arrival of the Commodore. Decatur, which was going in to port as we came out. It was expected that Com. Bainbridge would have two frigates, and two sloops of war in the Mediterranean, under the command of Com. Shaw, and return to the U. S. with the residue of his squadron.

The Spanish government had detained the Algerine brig of war into Cadiz, by the Commodore Decatur in June, under the plea that she had been captured in Spanish waters. It was reported in Gibraltar, that the Province of Biscay had revolted against the authority of Ferdinand 7th, and that a similar disposition prevailed throughout the country.

No. 47.

THE present number completes one year since the subscriber has commenced carrying the Rutland Herald. Those indebted to him for the same, must make immediate payment to him either in money, or by leaving money at places where he stops on his route.

Jesse Belknap.  
Nov. 22, 1815. Sw

**Advertisers Attend!**

**DRAWING APPROACHES!**  
It will be remembered, that the TICKETS in the MEDICAL SCIENCE LOTTERY, advanced to \$8.50, halves to 4 1/2, and quarters to 2.50, on the 10th instant; at which prices they will continue to be sold until the drawing commences—after which time they will probably advance again.

Advertisers are invited to improve the present opportunity, and to purchase tickets in this Lottery are considered far superior to any extant.

Tickets, at \$8.50,  
Halves, at 4.50,  
Quarters, at 2.50,  
May be had by applying to  
Fay & Burt.  
Rutland, Nov. 22, 1815.

**HAMBURG, Oct. 4.**

We can now with confidence inform our readers that the definitive treaty between France and the allies is nearly concluded: His Prussian majesty has ordered that no more of his troops shall be marched into France, as peace is nigh.

**From France.**

The latest accounts from France state that Chérbourg will hold out in defence of the Bonapartean party as well as it can. It is estimated that 150,000 Austrians and Prussians would remain in France, to keep the people in order, and to compel them to pay the great sum that had been levied upon them in Bordeaux all was tranquil, but there was much feverish blood all over the country. A revolution had become quite unpopular in France and were not permitted to wear the American Eagle—the Bourbonnais are all under the influence of Britain.

Capt. Carwright, of the ship N. York Packet, informed us, that on Sunday evening about 10 o'clock, he was off the coast of Sandy Hook, and saw 11 sail of ships of war, standing for Montauk-Point, which were, no doubt, Commodore Bainbridge's squadron from the Mediterranean.—*Mer. Advertiser.*

**Finn & Hodges,**

Have lately received from New-York, and are now opening at their store in Shrewsbury.

**A General Assortment of European and E. India GOODS;**

Selected with the greatest care in adapting them to the season.

Also...An Extensive Assortment of **Choice Groceries,** Together with almost every article of CROCKERY, or GLASS-WARE, either enquired for at a country store.

The above goods will be sold for ready pay, or on approved credit, on as good terms as can be purchased in the country.

All kinds of Country Produce, together with ASHES, received in payment, at the highest price.  
Nov. 14, 1815

**NEW-YORK, Nov. 13.**

**LATEST FROM EUROPE.**  
The ship New-York Packet, Capt. Cartwright, arrived last evening at this port, in 36 days from Bordeaux; with which vessel the Editors of the Mercantile Advertiser received a file of 600 papers to the 23d of October. On a diligent examination we do not find that they contain any news of moment.

**From France.**

The allied troops were about to withdraw from France except such as we to continue according to the stipulations of the treaty. The Russian troops had taken up the line of march. Great parade had been exhibited in review of the allied troops, preliminary to their evacuation of the country.

The Journal de Paris, of the 25th of September, mentions the following circumstance.—A crowd of some English figured handkerchiefs, representing the burning of the French cities, and the English lance overthrowing the French soldier. The Journal on this remarks, that the first feeling of Frenchmen should be for his country; that the English would not exhibit any thing in London disgraceful to their country; and admonishes the Parisian to be a keeper to imitate the English in their patriotism.

**Hy's, Corn, and Ashes.**

THE subscribers will pay cash, and the highest price for HY'S CORN, delivered at their store, and ASHES delivered at their pot-ash, SAFFORD & HAY.  
Middletown, Nov. 20th, 1815.

**AROMATIC SNUFF FOR CATARRH & HEAD ACHE;**

Recommended by Dr. WAZZANOWICZ.

It cannot for a moment be believed that a respectable character as Doct. Waterhouse, one of the first Physicians in the U. S., and justly denominated the "American Jenner," would deliberately recommend a composition which did not richly deserve the unqualified confidence, of the whole community.

The public are respectfully assured, that this SNUFF will positively cure a cold in the head, in two or three days at most.

Sold in Rutland, by  
Thomas Hooker,  
Nov. 20, 1815.

A few bottles of the above Snuff are also for sale by FAY & DAVIDSON.

**Direct Tax for 1815.**

THE subscriber will attend in the month of December, for the purpose of receiving the tax on furniture and effects, at the direct tax for 1815, as follows:—

In Orwell, 3d Capt. Griswold's on the 8th, and 4th Perkins's on the 9th; In Sudbury, at Hyde's, on the 11th; In Hubbardston, at Meeker's, on the 12th; In Castleton, at S. Moulton's, on the 13th and 14th; In Fairhaven, at Dennis's, on the 14th; In West Haven, at Wyman's, on the 16th; In Benson, at his office, on the 18th and 19th; In Poultney, at Beaman's, on the 21st; and at Parson's, on the 22d; In Middletown, at Leffingwell's, on the 23d; In Wells, near the meeting-house, on the 25th; In Pawlet, at Russell Brown's, on the 26th; and at Bardonia, on the 27th.

At the above times, and places, I will receive for said tax all current bank bills, that I am not prohibited from taking, and will accommodate as far as practicable in making change.

JOHN KELLOGG,  
Deputy Col. of Taxes.  
Benton, Nov. 20, 1815.

**NOTIFICATION.**

BURLINGTON, Nov. 1, 1815.

The executive government of the University of Vermont take the earliest opportunity, after their organization, to inform the public, that for the future admission of students in the Freshman class, it will be required that they shall have read, and be able to translate with correctness and facility, the whole of Virgil; Cicero's Select Orations, and the Greek Testament; that they have a minute acquaintance with the Greek and Latin Grammars; that they have been instructed in the making of Latin by the familiar use of some approved introduction, and they be well versed in vulgar Arithmetic. The Grammars hereafter to be used, in the exercise of this University, are Adam's Latin Grammar, and a Greek Grammar compiled by CHAUNCEY A. GOODRICH, from Hackenberg's Faculty, and others, adopted for use in Yale College, and printed in New-Haven, 1814.

As the reputation of the University for sound and accurate literature, is a dear object with the instructors, admission to an advanced standing will not be greatly encouraged, and never granted, but upon clear evidence that the candidates are fully equal, in their attainments, to the class they propose to join.

Those instructors, who are employed in preparing youth for admission into this University, are respectfully requested to be particularly careful to acquaint their pupils thoroughly with the construction and idioms of the Latin and Greek Languages, and to accustom them to study without the use of translations.

It is proposed, also to inform the public that, by a new arrangement, the Commencements of this University hereafter, will be on the 2d Wednesday of August, annually, which will be followed by a vacation of four weeks, at the close of which the exercises of the first term will begin.

**From France.**

Commodore Decatur refused to have the treaty concluded on shore, as invited by the Dey of Algiers, or on any other spot than the quarter-deck of the Guerrier where the Algerines argued to pay down for spoliation, —there they gave up the American prisoners, —and there they agreed to the recognition of the civilized usage of exchanging prisoners in any future war with us.

**Married.**

In Granville, Ohio, on the 30th ult. Mr. SAMUEL THREALL to Miss MAHALA MEAD, daughter of Capt. William Mead, late of this town.

(COMMUNICATED.)

**Widow.**

In Shrewsbury, on the 10th inst. Mrs. CYNTHIA HYLON, wife of Capt. Hannibal Hodges, and youngest daughter of the late Capt. N. Finney, aged 22 years—Elegant and accomplished in her person, affectionately attached to a very numerous circle of relatives and friends, kind, affable and benevolent to the poor, Mrs. Hylton departed this life at 10 o'clock of a respectful esteem which rarely falls to the lot of so young a woman. The funeral was attended on Sunday the 12th, when the tears and sighs of her bereaved and mourning friends, and the deep solemnity of a very numerous assembly spoke her worth in terms of panegyric beyond the power of language to express. Blessed with a most endearing and affectionate husband, surrounded with every thing that wealth and respectability could bestow to make life desirable, in the bloom of youth and beauty, her hour had—she heard the summons—she felt the hour of the messenger of death, and from the first moment of her distressing illness, which lasted but 14 hours, was fully sensible that the period of her dissolution was at hand; yet was her soul not dismayed—with a calmness and serenity, which astonished those around her,—she saw the dark moment of the parting spirit, and with a smile, and her weeping husband, some kind directions about her little daughter, and after an affectionate farewell, resigned her spirit to a merciful God, rejoicing in the hope of a glorious immortality, "where the wicked cease from troubling and where the weary are at rest."

**From France.**

P. S. the U. S. cutter, Capt. Caloone, came up from Sandy Hook at 12 o'clock last night, after hoisting 14 sail of vessels, reported in our marine list. With Capt. C. Commodore DECATUR, and two other officers of the Guerriere, came to town. Commodore Decatur, left Gibraltar the 6th of October in the Guerriere frigate, capt. G. W. Rodgers.—The remainder of the squadron under Commodore Bainbridge, had sailed from Gibraltar 36 hours before, bound for Newport, and were seen by the Guerriere off the Western Islands.

**From France.**

We understand that the Treaty concluded by Commodore Decatur with the Dey of Algiers, was such as the Commodore thought proper to dictate. The following is understood to be some of the principal articles of the Treaty.

The Dey agrees to restore the American prisoners in his possession, without ransom—to pay \$10,000 for the brig Edwin and cargo, of Salem, Capt. Smith, which he had captured three years since—to restore a cargo of cotton which he had confiscated, belonging to the Hon. Wm. Gray, of Boston—to allow the Americans to send into their ports, and dispose of them, any prizes which they should capture from any power, which the United States should in future, be at war with; and they further agree, that in case any powers should be at war with the United States, that they will be ready to allow their prizes for supplies and cargo, remain 30 hours to procure them, and not upon any consideration to have permission to dispose of the vessels or cargoes.—The Dey further agrees, that in case an American citizen should be taken under the flag of any other nation with whom they are at war, he shall be immediately liberated, and given up to the Consul—in case of shipwreck of an American vessel, the captain shall have permission to land his cargo without paying, any duties and may remain there until he has an opportunity of respending it or the cargo may be disposed of in the customary duties.—No Presents or Tribute, are in future to be paid by the U. S. to the Dey.

**From France.**

The frigate and brig captured by Commodore Decatur, were not restored by virtue of the Article of the Treaty, but given up by Commodore Decatur as a present, and at the earnest entreaties of the Dey.

**Widow.**

In Middletown, on the 19th inst. very suddenly Mrs. ELIZABETH MINER, relict of the late Deac Gideon Miner, aged 78.

**Widow.**

A numerous obituary will pay a tributary tear to the memory of one whose life was a model of christian excellence. Her advanced age had made her the partner of sorrow, as well as of grief. She had seen a revered parent stoop to the grave, and she had beheld children, snatched from her embrace; but with an unshaken fortitude, she had witnessed with calmness the decease of heaven—and at length, that Being who had supported her during an earthly pilgrimage, she departed here, we trust, into the portals of heavenly bliss.

**Widow.**

Her children rise up and call her blessed,—they look through the vista of the tomb, and behold a sainted parent before the throne of God, singing the praises of his matchless love.

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**FOR sale, a Pot-Ash-Kettle,** cast for the purpose of melting Pot-Ash—warranted to be equal to any which can be purchased in the state. Enquire at this office, or of J. W. HAZARD, West-Rutland, Nov. 22, 1815.

**A YOUNG MAN** with good recommendations, wishes to take a school this ensuing winter. Enquire of the Printers.

Nov. 22.