

POST OFFICE ROBBED.

\$1,100 Taken From the Vault in the Ogden Office.

THE BOTHWELL CANAL SUITS DECIDED.

Another Statement Made by the Girl in Custody of the Sheriff—The Art Loan Exhibition.

OGDEN POSTOFFICE ROBBED.

The Thief Makes Away With \$1,100 and is Yet Uncaptured.

Yesterday afternoon a reporter called on Postmaster Kimball and asked him if he had any information to impart relative to the rumored robbery of the postoffice in this City. The general replied that the rumor was true, but that he had endeavored to keep the matter quiet until some clue could be had of the robber; and that he thought he had succeeded in doing so until he began to hear that other people seemed to know more about it than he did himself. In view of this fact the general thought the matter might as well be made public through the newspapers, or as much of it as he knew or was at liberty to tell.

In the postoffice is a vault containing a number of small drawers, in which were stowed away the valuables, documents, etc., belonging to the office. The top row on one side is composed of three drawers, the first one containing box keys and key deposits; the second one the money accruing from the sale of stamps and rent of boxes; the third one the cash for money orders. It was the middle one of these drawers, containing the stamp money and box rents, which was robbed. It had been pried open with a hatchet which was used in the office for opening boxes, chopping kindling wood, etc., and a bag of gold and silver coin to the amount of \$1,100 taken therefrom. The theft had not been discovered until 4 o'clock on Saturday last and everything was secure at 9 o'clock on the previous evening, Friday, so that the robber must have had access to the vault some time between these hours.

General Kimball is entirely at a loss as to whom to suspect. The two regular night clerks remained in the postoffice during the night, so that it seems impossible for the robbery to have been committed during that time. The general is of the opinion that the money was stolen during the day (Saturday). The City, County and United States officials were immediately notified and the matter placed in their hands.

As soon as Postmaster Kimball discovered that the crime was committed he sent a dispatch to the postoffice inspector at Denver, asking him to come to Ogden at once on important business. The general also sent a letter of particulars to the inspector, of which the following is the substance:

"On Saturday, the 18th day of January, at 4 p. m., my assistant, R. H. B. Minty, called my attention to the fact that a drawer in the vault had been pried open and a bag of coin gold and silver, amounting to about \$1,100, had been taken. The drawer seemed to have been opened with a hatchet, which next day was found secreted in the vault (the same was used for opening boxes, etc.) When the work was done, or by whom, I am unable to say; but believe it was done during the day on Saturday the 18th. Everything was safe and right at 9 o'clock on Friday night, when the vault was locked for the night by General Minty when he went home. Two night clerks remained all night in the office, as usual. The chief of police, county sheriff, U. S. marshal and other officers were informed at once and are all at work on the case. I am utterly at a loss as to whom to suspect."

THE BOTHWELL CANAL.

The Board of Directors and Jarvis & Conklin Win in the Suits.

Yesterday Judge Anderson rendered his decision in two suits. One was on motion to dissolve a temporary injunction obtained by Bothwell to restrain Jarvis & Conklin from voting certain shares of stock at the forthcoming meeting of the stockholders, alleging that they obtained the contract for the stock without consideration and by placing him under duress.

The second suit was an application to the court for an injunction against Messrs. Armstrong, Roche, Richards, Adams, Bacon and Calne, who form, with Bothwell, the board of directors, against the company itself and against Jarvis & Conklin, and claiming damages for \$200,000. The latter is a long-winded document, charging confederation, conspiracy and collusion between all these gentlemen to injure the plaintiff and the enterprise. All these allegations were denied on oath by the defendants, and, on the other hand, oral and documentary evidence was adduced alleging that Bothwell had usurped the power of the directors and run things to suit himself, conducting his usurped authority in a manner alike incompetent and extravagant and fatal to the best interests of the scheme. It was alleged that the directors were willing to aid Bothwell in every legitimate manner, but were not willing to endanger their reputation and standing in the community by blindly endorsing what seemed to them was wrong and reprehensible, and fatal to the success of the enterprise.

One director claimed that so far from colluding to injure the interests of the canal, he had practically donated several thousand acres of land besides advancing Bothwell considerable money and securing valuable contracts to aid the scheme, and Messrs. Jarvis & Conklin swore that it was owing to this gentleman's introduction that they examined the scheme and finding it a worthy one, agreed to advance the money for the enterprise. Bothwell failed to go on the witness stand. Messrs. Jarvis & Conklin denied the allegations so far as they affected them, claiming that they were worried and anxious to advance all the money needed for the construction if they did not sell one of the bonds, but that they wanted an honest and judicious expenditure of the funds.

In the suit against Jarvis & Conklin the injunction was denied and the decision of the court empowers Jarvis & Conklin to vote \$300,000 of stock,

giving them the controlling power in that respect.

The injunction granted against the directors of the company only relates to the executive committee. The court decides that the directors have not the power to appoint this committee. In granting this modified injunction the court paid a very high compliment to the disinterestedness and high standing of the directors and intimated that these gentlemen were above colluding to injure or delay the completion of the canal project. The decision was oral.

The immediate effect of these decisions will probably be that the stockholders' meeting will be held to-day and some probable changes made in the personnel of the directorate, so as to insure the vigorous prosecution of the work of construction.

It is stated that contracts for the completion of the entire system of canals will be let at once and if possible, to local men, thus insuring the entire benefit of the vast expenditure in our midst.

Mr. Mead, the territorial engineer of Wyoming, lately elected general manager, will take charge of the construction, including the Ogden City water works which are to be vigorously pushed, while Dr. Roche, manager of the land water rights department, will place on the market the vast tracts in which the company are interested, and contract for the use and rental of water on the terms embodied in the forms of water contracts now adopted by the company.

"THAT'S DIFFERENT."

The Girl in the County Court House now Says Her Name is Nettie Ryesert.

The deputy sheriff, Mr. Joseph Belnap, said yesterday afternoon that the girl now confined in the County Court House, and who was arrested with the man Clark, giving her name as Clark and claiming to be his sister, contradicted the story she has told before and tells a very different one of her adventures. The true state of affairs, as concerns her connection with the man Clark, are said to be as follows:

Her name is Nettie Ryesert (she pronounced it Rossiter, but spelled it as here given) and that her home is in Green River City, Wyoming. Her father is a tailor by trade, and is said by her to be respectable and well respected. On or about or between the 4th and 12th of July last she left her home and parents in Green River City and went up to the ranch owned by Frank O'Jell, on Piney Creek. This place is situated right in the corner north of us, where Utah, Idaho and Wyoming join. She remained at that place until the 7th of October last. On that day two men, having with them five horses, arrived at the O'Jell ranch. One of these men was Charles Clark (the man now in the county jail) and the other was Matt Boyde. They were from Dakota, and were on their way to Idaho. Living at the ranch with her father was Miss Dollie Odell. The two girls, Nettie and Dollie, became very intimate during the former's stay at the ranch. The evening that the two men, Clark and Boyde, arrived at the ranch the two girls entered into a conversation with the men, during which Boyde offered to take Miss Dollie to her mother in Idaho, where that lady was then living. Dollie accepted the offer, and succeeded in persuading Nettie to accompany her to Idaho, with a promise that she (Nettie) should be given a home with Mrs. Odell and her daughter in that territory. On Sunday morning, October 8, the girls concluded to go with the men, and that evening at 10 o'clock the four started. They crossed the mountain into Star valley, from there to Bear Lake valley, and thence into Cache valley, the first place they struck in the latter valley being Logan. They camped here, and on about the fourth day Matt Boyde and Dollie Odell packed up and left Clark and Nettie. The last heard by the latter from the former couple was in a letter from Paradise, Cache county, asking Nettie to leave Clark and join them. Nettie refused to do this, and wrote a letter to Dollie telling her to "go to the devil." Clark and Nettie left Logan and came south. They passed through Brigham City, went to Salt Lake, out to Graustville, down to Spanish Fork, and then back up north, winding up at Collinston. After staying at Collinston for some time, they came back through Brigham City into Ogden, where they were arrested last Monday afternoon by Sheriff Gilbert Belnap and his deputy, Joseph Belnap.

The foregoing is said to be the substance of a statement made by Nettie Ryesert yesterday afternoon, and puts a very different complexion on her associations with the man Clark. The sheriff went down to Spanish Fork and found that the couple had been there, but were never residents of the place, only camping there for about two weeks. The gentleman, John Taylor, was found to be living there, but he was no relative of the girl Ryesert. She evidently mentioned his name in order to make her old story the more plausible; but when she found that the sheriff had gone to Spanish Fork to hunt up her history she gave in and made the statement given above.

Yesterday Clark asked the sheriff to be allowed to have a short interview with the girl, Clark having been informed that she had made the statement referred to. The sheriff told him that her father would likely be here and would want to interview him (Clark), whereupon he turned pale and seemed to be ill at ease.

Sheriff Belnap sent a telegram to Green River City yesterday notifying the father that his daughter Nettie was in trouble here, and asking him to come at once.

The girl says that the only reason for her leaving home was that she was tired of the strict training of her parents and wanted to get away where she could have her freedom and do as she pleased. She wrote a letter to her parents telling them of her whereabouts and of her adventures since leaving home.

In the Interest of Builders.

To day W. W. Fife, Esq., contractor of this City, starts for a trip to the East. He intends to be away about three weeks, and will visit Denver, Kansas City, Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha, Pittsburg and probably New York. Mr. Fife's trip is for the purpose of looking up matters in the interest of the builders of this City. He will visit the brick factories and see what can be done for the importation of brick for the best face work to be

done in Ogden this coming season. It is to be hoped that the Ogden brick yards will soon be able to turn out brick of such a quality as to be fit for the best of face work, but in the meantime Mr. Fife will visit the Eastern yards for the purpose of getting a supply of brick suitable for that work. He will visit iron works for the purpose of arranging for the shipment of iron and steel beams, which will be largely used in the construction of buildings in this City during this year. Mr. Fife has a great deal of work on hand, but thinks he can spare three weeks for the purpose of visiting the East in the building interests.

THE EXHIBITION.

A Grand Success is Scored by the Managers of the Affair.

Yesterday the art loan exhibition by the ladies of the Congregational church, an which has been in progress since Tuesday, was continued. The exhibition was unusually well patronized yesterday, and the day was marked as the best one of the series. A very large number of people visited the Academy hall and spent a very pleasant hour in examining the beautiful works of art that were to be seen.

The most successful feature of the day, and the one which attracted most attention, was the appearance of Mrs. Turner in a song in the evening. Mrs. Turner was one of the sufferers from the Johnstown flood, of which we have all read so much. She and her babe were living in one of the houses which were washed away in the great disaster.

For three hours Mrs. Turner clung to the rafters of the house with one hand, with the water up to her neck, before she was rescued. But the greatest trial of all was brought about by the washing away of her little babe, then only seven days old. The little one was lying on a pillow when the angry waters rushed down upon the unfortunate inhabitants of the doomed city. It was carried away from the sight of the agonized mother while she was clinging to the rafters. After Mr. Turner was rescued she had no idea but that her dear little babe had been drowned; but imagine her joy when in five days the little one was returned to her safe and sound. It is with the mother in this City to-day, healthy and happy. It is not necessary to say that Mrs. Turner's song was received with rapture by those who heard it.

The exhibition is a grand success and is well worthy the patronage it receives.